



**4" & 6" Encapsulated Motors**  
**OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**

**STAIRS INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.**

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## 1 Guidelines

This Encapsulated-resin filled motor is a machine component in accordance with the EN 60034-1 and NEMA MG1-18.388. The motor must not be committed until

- a complete motor is manufactured
- the safety requirements meet the stipulation in the applicable EN 60034-1 and NEMA MG1-18.388 and confirm by the certificate of conformity.

## 2 Safety

The submersible motor must only be operated under the following safety regulations:

- Consider the limits of implementation of the pump and motor
- Before switching-on the motor, analysis the electrical system and fusing
- Keep the electrical and mechanical danger out of access
- Only operate the motor under the water
- In order to avoid the water hammer effect when starting-up, Vent rising pipe before commissioning
- Install a check valve in the pump or in the rising pipe
- The temperature of water supply should not below -3°C, and the water filling in the motor should not below 0°C.
- The maximum temperature of the water supply is 30°C. temperatures higher than 30°C will only derate motor efficiency and durance.
- When operating generator with the motor, always unloads the generator first. i.e.
  - Starting-up: First the generator, and then the motor
  - Switch-off: First the motor, and then the generator
- After starting up the system check the following points:
  - Rated voltage of the motor running
  - Powering all current of the motor at each phase
  - Water level of the medium to be pumped
- Switching off the motor immediately if the following situation happens:
  - The current exceed the rated current on the motor nameplate
  - Comparing to the rated voltage and the voltage measured on the motor,

### 3 Intended use

This Canned (Encapsulated) type motor is designed for submersible operation as a driver of variable torque loads such as a water pump. i.e.

- Drinkable water supply
- Wells for domestic uses, waterworks and agriculture usage
- Dewatering, pressure boosting, irrigation systems
- Processed water supply
- Ground water heating systems
- The maximum submergence depth for the Canned (Encapsulated) type motor is 200 meters.
- The material of SS316 stainless steels is available for operation in aggressive environments. The responsibility for correct material choosing lies with the customers.

### 4 Transport and storage

- Only take the motor out of the original packaging when ready for assembly.
- Do not store the motor at temperatures over 62°C at any circumstance, which may result in liquid leakage and motor failure.
- Do not store the motor at temperatures in environment where is below -12°C and please make sure the water filling is frost-free.

### 5 Number of Starts

Rapid cycling of motor start/shut down can reduce motor life, resulted from motor spline damage, bearing damage, and motor overheating. The average number of starts per day over a period of months or years also affects the durance of a submersible pumping system. The pump/ motor should be selected to keep the starts per day as low as possible to be practical for the longest life.

The maximum number of starts per 24-hour is shown in below list.

Motor Rating Maximum Starts Per 24 hr Period

Motor Rating		Maximum Starts Per 24 hr Period	
HP	kW	Single Phase	Three-Phase
0.75HP and below	0.55kW and below	300	300
1HP- 5.5HP	0.75kW- 4kW	100	300
7.5HP- 30HP	5.5kW-22kW	50	100
40HP and above	30kW and above	-	100

Four-inch motors should run a minimum of one minute to avoid heat buildup from starting current, and Six-inch motors should have a minimum of 15 minutes.

## 6 Control boxes (Only apply for single phase 4" motor)

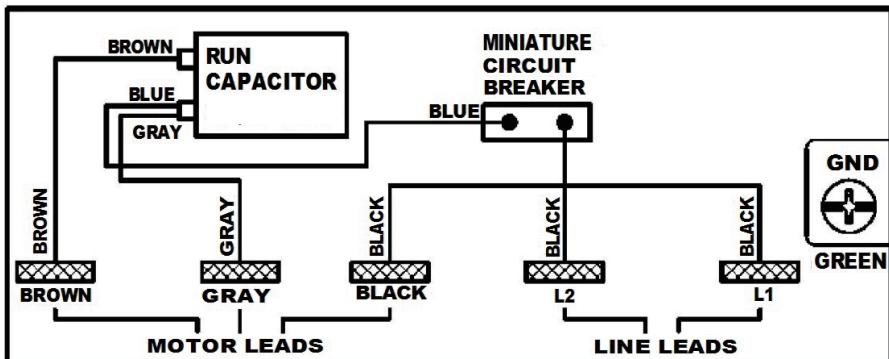
Single-phase three-wire 4" submersible motors are required to be used with control boxes. Operating motors with incorrect control boxes or without using control boxes can result in motor failure, and it voids warranty.

- A control box contains a starting relay, starting capacitor, overload protector, and in a certain size of control box, a running capacitor is also fitted.
- The motor and the control box are two pieces of one assembly. The customer must check if the control box and motor's HP and voltage match or not. The motor is designed to operate with a control box from the same manufacturer, so we can only promise warranty coverage under that circumstance.

### 6-1 50 HZ RUN CAPACITOR

#### **EU standard**

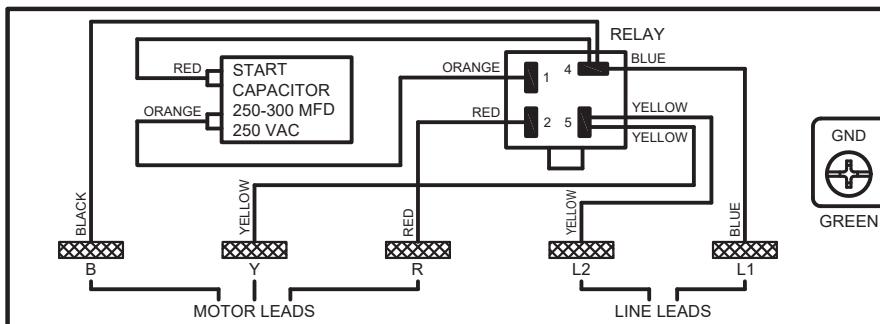
MODEL	TYPE	HZ	POWER	VOLTAGE	REMARK	START CAPACITOR MFD	RUN CAPACITOR UF	RELAY
SBC00R	RUN CAPACITOR (SMALL BOX)	50	0.5HP	220~240V	RUN CAPACITOR * 1 OVERLOAD PROTECTOR*1	-	16UF 450V	-
SBC01R			0.75HP			-	20UF 450V	
SBC02R			1.0HP			-	25UF 450V	
SBC03R			1.5HP			-	35UF 450V	



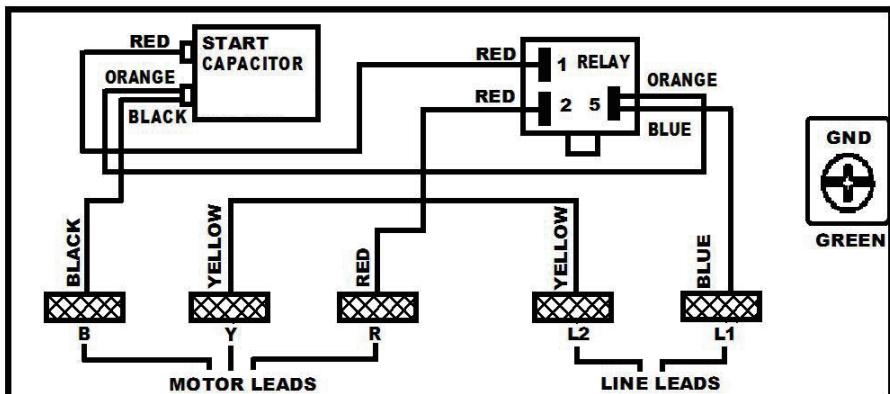
## 6-2 60 HZ START CAPACITOR

### **US standard**

MODEL	TYPE	HZ	POWER	VOLTAGE	REMARK	START CAPACITOR MFD	RUN CAPACITOR UF	RELAY	
SBC60SA	START CAPACITOR (SMALL BOX)	60	0.5HP	110~115V	START CAPACITOR * 1 + RELAY * 1	250-300MFD 250V	—	P.U: 63~72 VAC D.O: 20~40 VAC FLA: 16A 277V RES: 35A 277V	
SBC50SA	START CAPACITOR (SMALL BOX)		0.5HP	220~230V	START CAPACITOR * 1 + RELAY * 1	59 - 71MFD 250V	—	P.U:195~224 VAC D.O: 60~121 VAC FLA:16A 277V RES:35A 277V	
SBC51SA			0.75HP			86-103MFD 250V	—		
SBC52SA			1.0HP			105-126MFD 250V	—		



0.5HP 110~115V

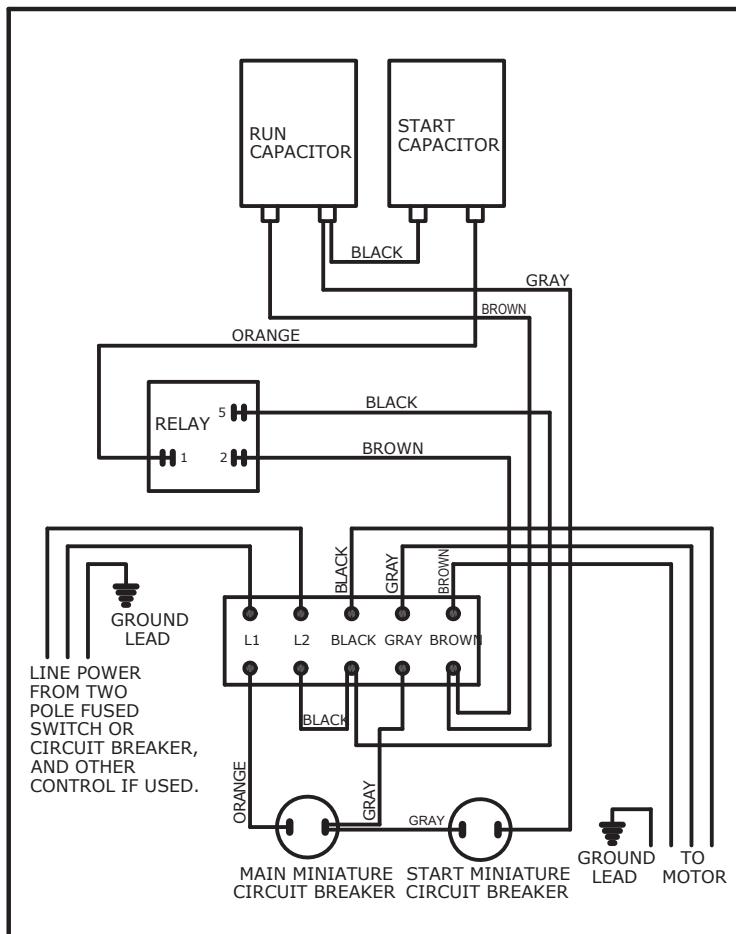


0.5HP~1.0HP 220~230V

## 6-3 50 HZ DOUBLE CAPACITOR

**EU standard**

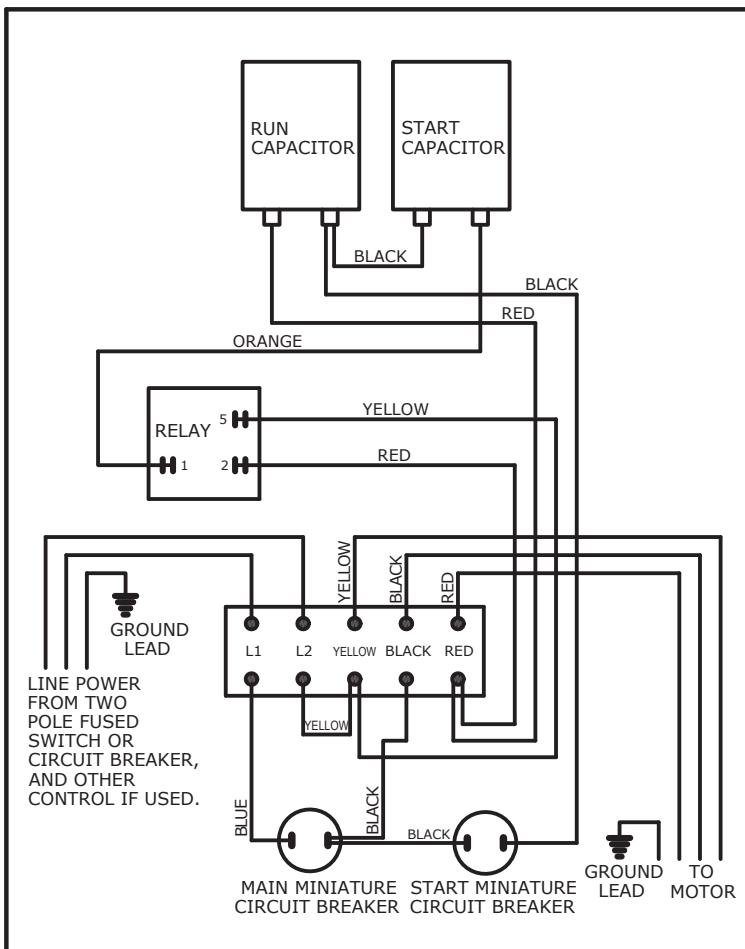
MODEL	TYPE	HZ	POWER	VOLTAGE	REMARK	START CAPACITOR MFD	RUN CAPACITOR UF	RELAY
BBC03D	DOUBLE CAPACITOR (BIG BOX)	50	1.5HP	220~240V	START CAPACITOR * 1 RUN CAPACITOR * 1 RELAY * 1 OVERLOAD PROTECTOR ( 1.5 HP * 1 ~ 2 - 5 HP * 2 )	105-126MFD 250V	10UF 400V	P.U:180~195 VAC D.O: 40~105 VAC FLA:16A 277V RES:35A 277V
BBC04D			2.0HP			189-227MFD 250V	20UF 400V	
BBC05D			3.0HP			270-324MFD 250V	35UF 400V	
BBC07D			5.0HP			378-454MFD 250V	75UF 400V	



## 6-4 60 HZ DOUBLE CAPACITOR

### **US standard**

MODEL	TYPE	HZ	POWER	VOLTAGE	REMARK	START CAPACITOR MFD	RUN CAPACITOR UF	RELAY
BBC53DA	DOUBLE CAPACITOR (BIG BOX)	60	1.5HP	220~230V	START CAPACITOR * 1 RUN CAPACITOR * 1 RELAY * 1 OVERLOAD PROTECTOR ( 1.5 HP * 1 ~ 2.5 HP * 2 )	105-126MFD 250V	16UF 400V	P.U:195~224 VAC D.O: 60~121 VAC FLA:16A 277V RES:35A 277V
BBC54DA			2.0HP		105-126MFD 250V	20UF 400V		
BBC55DA			3.0HP		208-250MFD 250V	45UF 400V		
BBC56DA			5.0HP		270-324MFD 250V	80UF 400V		



## 7 Connecting the motor cable

- Before connecting the cable, clear (if any) dirt and moisture from plug and socket.
- Apply some silicone grease or Vaseline to the rubber part of the plug (but make sure no grease reaches the electrical contacts)
- Remove the cable screw from the motor head
- Lubricate the rubber part of the cable plug with silicone oil. Insert the cable plug and push hard to the bottom till a hard stop. Use a slotted screwdriver to tighten up the screw.
- Route the motor leads along the pump, and use a cable guard to protect the leads from damaging.

## 8 Extending the motor cable

The cable provided can be extended if needed, the customer can complete the extension by one of the following means and follow the safety instruction:

- In order to protect joints against moisture seepage, the customer must use joints with finished cable fittings or shrink hose, sealing compound to prevent it from happening.
- Extension cable must be approved for its use in the medium and the prevailing temperature. (Strictly follow manufacturer's instruction.) The customer are responsible for the correct selection and dimensioning of the drop cable.









## 9 Assembly of motor and pump

The instructions below refer to the motor use only. Please consult the pump manufacturer for the assembly instruction.

- Place the motor and the pump horizontally and level.
- Turn the motor shaft by hand to make sure it can turn smoothly after overcoming the adhesive friction.
- Apply waterproof, acid-free grease to lubricate the internal teeth of coupling.
- Align the cable guard of the pump with the lead exit of the motor, and to guide pump and motor together.
- If deemed necessary, place spring rings on the studs and tighten the nuts . Strictly observe the tightening torques of the unit manufacturers.
- There must be no rigid connection in the radial and axial clearance of the motor shaft since otherwise the motor and pump will be damaged during synchrony.
- Protect coupling spot against contact.

### 9.1 Fusing and the motor protection.

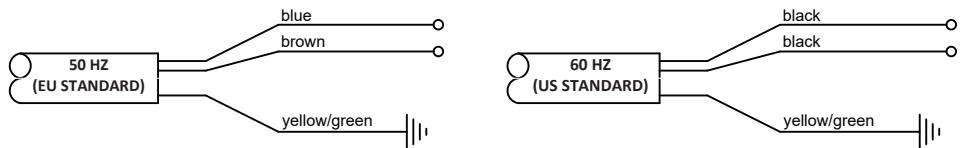
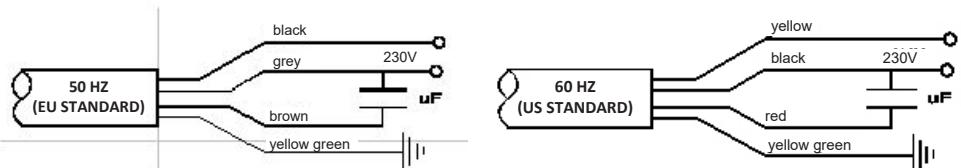
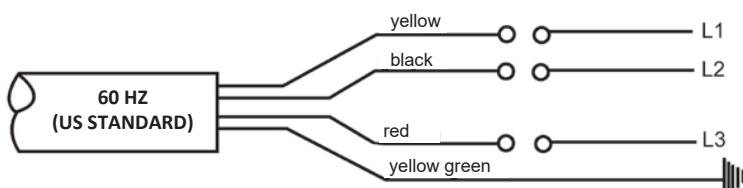
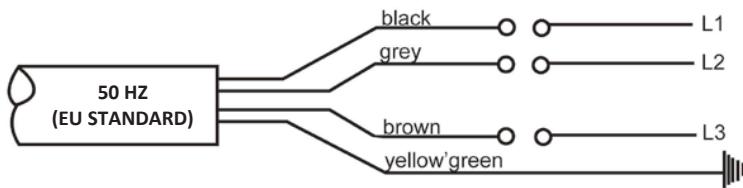
- In order to be able to turn the system off any time, an external mains switch is recommended.
- Allow for an emergency stop
- Apply fuses for each individual phase to protect the motor
- Apply overload protector in the switch box of the motor
  - ✓ Warranty is void without thermal protection
  - ✓ Trip time at 500% In < 10 sec.
  - ✓ Overload setting at operation current.

### 9.2 Earthling

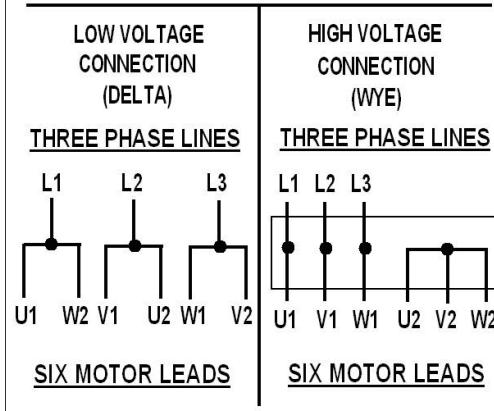
- Consider motor power rating when dimensioning the earth connection in accordance with IEC 364-5-54 EN60034-1
- Motor has to be earthed
- Provide good contact of the protective conductor terminal.

### 9.3 Connection examples

- 3-phase connection. The connection features the usual circuit with a clockwise rotating field and a counterclockwise rotation for the motor shaft, make sure its direction of rotation corresponds to that the pump.

**9.3-1 4" Single Phase - 2 wire**

**9.3-2 4" Single Phase - 3 wire**

**9.3-3 4" Three Phase & 6" Three Phase (DOL)**


## LINE CONNECTIONS-SIX LEAD MOTOR



## 10 Electrical connection

The connection examples below refer to the motor use only. The customer is recommended to check the specifications on the nameplate and the data sheet before installation.

### 10.1 Checking/ replenishing the motor filling

Submersible canned (Encapsulated) type motors are a water lubricated design. The motors are factory pre-filled with a mixture of water and non-toxic antifreeze. No re-filling before the installation is required. Loss of a certain amount of liquid will not damage the motor since the filter check valve will allow lost liquid to be refilled by filtered well water while installation.

If there is a reasonable sign to find that there has been a considerable amount of leakage, please consult the factory for checking procedures of the motor. Do not attempt to disassemble the motor by yourself since it can only be opened and adjusted with special tools.

### 10.2 Measuring the insulation resistance

Measure the insulation resistance before and while the process that assembled pump and motor being placed to the application spot.

The motor is well functioned if the insulation resistance in a 20 °C environment is at least:

Minimum insulation resistance with the connection of an extension cable:

- For a new motor > 4 MΩ
- For a used motor > 1 MΩ

Minimum insulation resistance without the connection of an extension cable:

- For a new motor > 200 MΩ
- For a used motor > 20 MΩ

## 11 Work on the motor

- Regarding the troubleshooting and rectification on the entire system please strictly follow the appropriate instruction of the motor and pump manufacturer.
- Do not apply any modifications or conversions to the motor or its electrical connections without permission of the supplier.
- Never attempt to disassemble the motor by yourself since it can only be opened and adjusted with special tools.
- De-energize system to the beginning of the work and protect it against unintended re-energizing
- After completion of the work apply all safety and protective devices completely and check for their function.

## 12 Water Temperature and Flow

Submersible Canned (Encapsulated) type motors are designed to operate up to maximum service factor horsepower in water up to 30 °C. A flow of 0.25 ft/s for 4" motors rated (3 hp) 2.2 KW and higher, and 0.5 ft/s for 6" is required for proper cooling. The table below shows minimum flow rates, in gpm, for various well diameters and motor sizes.

Minimum GPM required for motor cooling in water up to 30 °C		
Casing or sleeve ID inches(mm)	4"motor (3-10HP) 0.25FT/S GPM(L/M)	6"Motor 0.50 FT/S GPM (L/M)
<b>4 (102)</b>	1.2 (4.5)	-
<b>5 (127)</b>	7 (26.5)	-
<b>6 (152)</b>	13 (49)	9 (34)
<b>7 (178)</b>	20 (76)	25 (95)
<b>8 (203)</b>	30 (114)	45 (170)
<b>10 (254)</b>	50 (189)	90 (340)
<b>12 (305)</b>	80 (303)	140 (530)
<b>14 (356)</b>	110 (416)	200 (760)
<b>16 (406)</b>	150 (568)	280 (1060)

$$0.25 \text{ ft/s} = 7.62 \text{ cm/sec} \quad 0.50 \text{ ft/s} = 15.24 \text{ cm/sec} \quad 1 \text{ inch} = 2.54 \text{ cm}$$

If the pump installation does not provide the minimum flow shown in the table above, the customer must use a flow inducer sleeve (flow sleeve).

A flow sleeve are requested when:

- The diameter of the water well is too large to reach the flow requirements.
- Pump is in an open water
- Pump is in a rock well or below the well casing.
- The well is "top-feeding" (aka cascading).
- The pump is set in or below filters

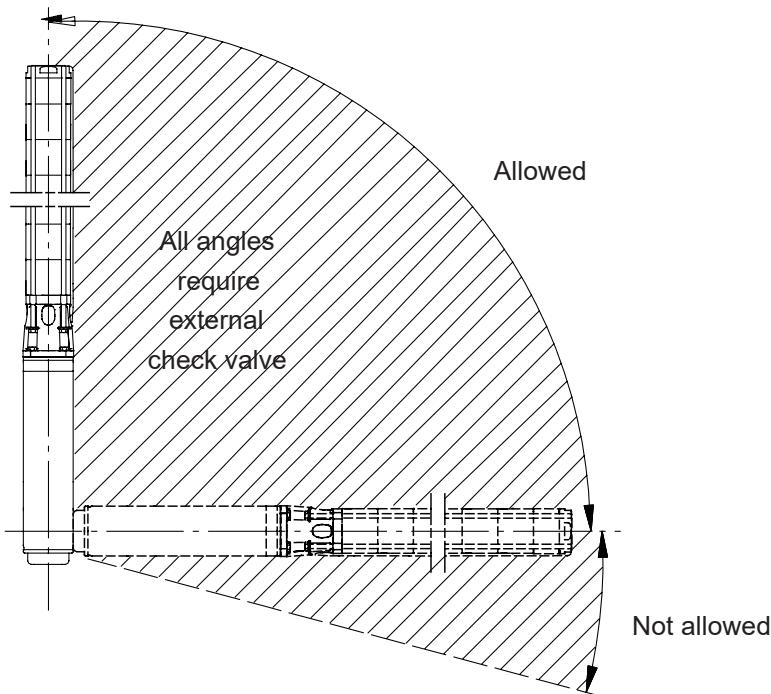
## 13 Installation Position

Motors can be installed either horizontally or vertically.

in either position, the motor must be sleeved and fully submerged at least one foot to prevent vortex (air entering intake).

When a motor is installed in a horizontal position, the shaft must not fall below the horizontal plane. We recommend that a Flow Sleeve be installed on all motors mounted in a horizontal position. Make sure that the motor is fully supported when mounted in the horizontal position.

Note: Do not let pump sit on bottom of tank. Place on an elevated surface for cooling, to avoid ingesting debris and absorb vibration.







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